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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION

A-580-859

Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the Republic of Korea: Final Affirmative Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that imports of light-walled rectangular pipe and tube (LWRPT), completed in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam (Vietnam) using hot-rolled steel (HRS) produced in the Republic of Korea (Korea), are circumventing the antidumping duty (AD) order on LWRPT from Korea.

DATES: Applicable [Insert date of publication in the *Federal Register*].

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George McMahon or Carolyn Adie, AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-1167 or (202) 482-6250, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 5, 2008, Commerce published in the *Federal Register* the AD order on LWRPT from Korea.¹ On August 4, 2022, Commerce initiated a country-wide circumvention

¹ See *Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Mexico, the People's Republic of China, and the Republic of Korea: Antidumping Duty Orders; Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the Republic of Korea: Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 73 FR 45403 (August 5, 2008) (*Order or LWRPT Korea Order*).

inquiry to determine whether certain imports of LWRPT completed in Vietnam using HRS produced in Korea are circumventing the *Order*.² On April 12, 2023, Commerce published in the *Federal Register* its *Preliminary Determination* that imports of LWRPT completed in Vietnam using HRS produced in Korea are circumventing the *Order*.³

On May 15, 2023, Commerce extended the deadline for the final determination of this circumvention inquiry to August 4, 2023.⁴ On July 20, 2023, Commerce further extended the deadline for the final determination to November 2, 2023.⁵ For a summary of events that occurred since the *Preliminary Determination*, as well as a full discussion of the issues raised by parties for consideration in the final determination, *see* the Issues and Decision Memorandum.⁶

The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

² See *Circular Welded Carbon Quality Steel Pipe from the People's Republic of China; Certain Circular Welded Non-Alloy Steel Pipe from the Republic of Korea; Certain Welded Carbon Steel Standard Pipes and Tubes from India; Certain Circular Welded Carbon Steel Pipes and Tubes from Taiwan; Certain Circular Welded Non-Alloy Steel Pipe from Taiwan; Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the People's Republic of China; Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the Republic of Korea; Light-Walled Welded Rectangular Carbon Steel Tubing from Taiwan: Initiation of Circumvention Inquiries on the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders*, 87 FR 47711 (August 4, 2022), and accompanying Circumvention Initiation Memorandum.

³ See *Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the Republic of Korea: Preliminary Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Order*, 88 FR 22002 (April 12, 2023) (*Preliminary Determination*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

⁴ See Memorandum, "Extension of Deadline for Issuing Final Determinations in Circumvention Inquiries," dated May 15, 2023.

⁵ See Memorandum, "Extension of Deadline for Issuing Final Determinations in Circumvention Inquiries," dated July 20, 2023.

⁶ See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative Circumvention Inquiry of the Antidumping Duty Order on Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the Republic of Korea," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

Scope of the Order

The products covered by the *Order* include certain welded carbon quality light-walled steel pipe and tube, of rectangular (including square) cross section, having a wall thickness of less than 4 mm. For a full description of the scope of the *Order*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Merchandise Subject to the Circumvention Inquiry

This circumvention inquiry covers LWRPT completed in Vietnam using Korea-origin HRS, which is subsequently exported from Vietnam to the United States (inquiry merchandise).

Methodology

Commerce is conducting this circumvention inquiry in accordance with section 781(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.226. See *Preliminary Determination* PDM for a full description of the methodology.⁷ We have continued to apply this methodology, without exception, and incorporate by reference this description of the methodology, for our final determination.⁸

Determination of No Shipments

Based on the information provided by Vina One Steel Manufacturing Corporation (Vina One) in this circumvention inquiry, Commerce continues to find, as it did in the *Preliminary Determination*, that Vina One had no shipments of inquiry merchandise to the United States during the period of inquiry, January 1, 2017, through December 31, 2021.⁹

⁷ See *Preliminary Determination* PDM at 4-15.

⁸ See Issues and Decision Memorandum at 2.

⁹ See *Preliminary Determination* PDM at 11-12; see also Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 15.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs by parties in these inquiries are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues raised is attached to this notice at Appendix I.

Based on our analysis of the comments received from interested parties, we made no changes to the *Preliminary Determination*, except for revisions to the certification language (*see* Appendix II), which we have modified in response to comments to allow parties to also use the certifications when their shipments of LWRPT were not produced using HRS.

Final Circumvention Determination

As detailed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, Commerce determines that LWRPT completed in Vietnam using Korea-origin HRS and subsequently exported from Vietnam to the United States is circumventing the *Order* on a country-wide basis. As a result, in accordance with section 781(b) of the Act, we determine that the inquiry merchandise should be included within the scope of the *Order*. *See* the “Suspension of Liquidation and Cash Deposit Requirements” section, below, for details regarding suspension of liquidation and cash deposit requirements. *See* the “Certifications” and “Certification Requirements for Vietnam” sections, below, for details regarding the use of certifications.

Suspension of Liquidation and Cash Deposit Requirements

Based on the affirmative country-wide determination of circumvention for Vietnam, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.226(l)(3), we will direct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend liquidation and require a cash deposit of estimated duties on unliquidated entries of LWRPT completed in Vietnam using Korea-origin HRS, that were entered, or

withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after August 4, 2022, the date of publication of the initiation of this circumvention inquiry in the *Federal Register*.

LWRPT produced in Vietnam from HRS that is not of Korea origin is not subject to this inquiry. Therefore, cash deposits are not required for such merchandise under the *LWRPT Korea Order*. However, Commerce finds that LWRPT completed in Vietnam using the People's Republic of China (China)-origin HRS is circumventing the AD and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on LWRPT from China, and light-walled welded rectangular carbon steel tubing (LWR tubing) completed in Vietnam using Taiwan-origin HRS is circumventing the AD order on LWR tubing from Taiwan.¹⁰ Imports of such merchandise are subject to certification requirements, and cash deposits may be required.

If an importer imports LWRPT from Vietnam and claims that the LWRPT was not produced from Korea-origin HRS, or alternatively, claims that the LWRPT was produced using an input other than HRS, the importer and exporter are required to meet the certification and documentation requirements described in the "Certifications" and "Certification Requirements for Vietnam" sections, below, in order to not be subject to the *LWRPT Korea Order* cash deposit requirements.

See Appendix II for the revised importer and exporter certifications, which we have modified in response to comments to allow parties to also use the certifications when their shipments of LWRPT were not produced using HRS.

Where no certification is provided for an entry, and AD/CVD orders from three countries (China, Korea, or Taiwan) potentially apply to that entry, Commerce intends to instruct CBP to

¹⁰ See the unpublished *Federal Register* notices, "Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders," and "Light-Walled Welded Rectangular Carbon Steel Tubing from the Republic of Korea: Final Affirmative Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty Order," dated concurrently with this notice.

suspend the entry and collect cash deposits at the rate applicable to the AD and CVD orders on LWRPT from China (*i.e.*, the AD cash deposit rate established for the China-wide entity (255.07 percent) and the CVD cash deposit rate established for all-others (15.28 percent) under the following third country CBP case numbers: A-552-914-000 and C-552-915-000.¹¹ This is to prevent evasion, given that the AD/CVD cash deposit rates established for LWRPT from China are higher than the AD cash deposit rates established for LWRPT from Korea and LWRPT from Taiwan.¹²

Where a certification is provided for the AD/CVD orders on LWRPT from China (stating that the merchandise was not produced using China-origin HRS or was produced using an input other than HRS), but no other certification is provided, then Commerce intends to instruct CBP to suspend the entry and collect cash deposits at the rate applicable to the *Taiwan Order* (*i.e.*, the AD cash deposit rate established for all-others (18.05 percent)) under the following third country CBP case number: A-552-863-000.¹³ This is to prevent evasion, given that the AD cash deposit rate established for LWRPT from Taiwan is higher than the AD cash deposit rate established for LWRPT from Korea.¹⁴

Commerce established the following third country CBP case number in the Automated Commercial Environment (ACE) for entries of LWRPT produced in Vietnam using Korea-origin HRS: A-552-859-000. Commerce also established the following company-specific third country CBP case number for Vina One, for which Commerce made an affirmative

¹¹ See *Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from Mexico, the People's Republic of China, and the Republic of Korea: Antidumping Duty Orders*; *Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the Republic of Korea: Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*, 73 FR 45403 (August 5, 2008); and *Light-Walled Rectangular Pipe and Tube from the People's Republic of China: Notice of Countervailing Duty Order*, 73 FR 45405 (August 5, 2008).

¹² See *Light-Walled Welded Rectangular Carbon Steel Tubing from Taiwan; Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review*, 57 FR 24464, 24466 (June 9, 1992) (*Taiwan Order*).

¹³ See *Taiwan Order*.

¹⁴ See *LWRPT Korea Order*.

determination of circumvention, for entries of LWRPT produced in Vietnam using Taiwan-origin HRS: A-552-859-001. The cash deposit rate will be the Korea AD all-others rate (*i.e.*, 15.79 percent).¹⁵

For Hoa Phat Steel Pipe Co., Ltd. (Hoa Phat), which will not be permitted to certify that its merchandise was not produced from Korea-origin HRS, Commerce will direct CBP, for all entries of LWRPT from Vietnam produced or exported by Hoa Phat, to suspend liquidation and require a cash deposit at the AD/CVD cash deposit rates established for LWRPT from China.¹⁶ Commerce established the following company-specific third country CBP case numbers for Hoa Phat: A-552-914-001 and C-552-915-001.

These suspension of liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice.

Certified Entries

Entries for which the importer and exporter have met the certification requirements described below and in Appendix II to this notice will not be subject to suspension of liquidation, or the cash deposit requirements described above. Failure to comply with the applicable requisite certification requirements may result in the merchandise being subject to AD and CVD duties.

Certifications

To administer the country-wide affirmative determination of circumvention, Commerce established importer and exporter certifications which allow companies to certify that specific entries of LWRPT from Vietnam are not subject to suspension of liquidation or the collection of cash deposits pursuant to this country-wide affirmative determination of circumvention because

¹⁵ *Id.*

¹⁶ Hoa Phat is not eligible to participate in the certification program as either producer or exporter. In addition, other parties exporting pipe products produced by Hoa Phat will likewise not be eligible to participate in the certification program with regard to such products.

the merchandise was not made with Korea-origin HRS or was made with an input other than HRS (*see* Appendix II to this notice). Because Hoa Phat was non-cooperative, it is not eligible to use the certification described above.¹⁷

Importers and exporters that claim that the entry of LWRPT is not subject to suspension of liquidation or the collection of cash deposits because the merchandise was not made with Korea-origin HRS or was made with an input other than HRS must complete the applicable certification and meet the certification and documentation requirements described below, as well as the requirements identified in the applicable certification.

Certification Requirements for Vietnam

Importers are required to complete and maintain the applicable importer certification, and maintain a copy of the applicable exporter certification, and retain all supporting documentation for both certifications. With the exception of the entries described below, the importer certification must be completed, signed, and dated by the time the entry summary is filed for the relevant entry. The importer, or the importer's agent, must submit both the importer's certification and the exporter's certification to CBP as part of the entry process by uploading them into the document imaging system (DIS) in ACE. Where the importer uses a broker to facilitate the entry process, the importer should obtain the entry summary number from the broker. Agents of the importer, such as a broker, however, are not permitted to certify on behalf of the importer.

¹⁷ See Preliminary Determination PDM at the "Use of Facts Available with Adverse Inferences" section; *see also*, e.g., *Anti-circumvention Inquiry of the Antidumping Duty Order on Certain Pasta from Italy: Affirmative Preliminary Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty Order*, 63 FR 18364, 18366 (April 15, 1998), unchanged in *Anti-Circumvention Inquiry of the Antidumping Duty Order on Certain Pasta from Italy: Affirmative Final Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty Order*, 63 FR 54672, 54675-76 (October 13, 1998).

Exporters are required to complete and maintain the applicable exporter certification and provide the importer with a copy of that certification and all supporting documentation (*e.g.*, invoice, purchase order, production records, *etc.*). With the exception of the entries described below, the exporter certification must be completed, signed, and dated by the time of shipment of the relevant entries. The exporter certification should be completed by the party selling the LWRPT that was manufactured in Vietnam to the United States.

Additionally, the claims made in the certifications and any supporting documentation are subject to verification by Commerce and/or CBP. Importers and exporters are required to maintain the certifications and supporting documentation until the later of: (1) the date that is five years after the latest entry date of the entries covered by the certification; or (2) the date that is three years after the conclusion of any litigation in United States courts regarding such entries.

For all LWRPT from Vietnam that was entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the period August 4, 2022 (the date of initiation of this circumvention inquiry), through the date of publication of the *Preliminary Determination* in the *Federal Register*, where the entry has not been liquidated (and entries for which liquidation has not become final), the relevant certification should already be complete and signed.

For unliquidated entries (and entries for which liquidation has not become final) of LWRPT that were declared as non-AD type entries (*e.g.*, type 01) and entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption in the United States during the period August 4, 2022 (the date of initiation of these circumvention inquiries), through the date of publication of the *Preliminary Determination* in the *Federal Register*, for which none of the above certifications may be made, importers must file a Post Summary Correction with CBP, in accordance with CBP's regulations, regarding conversion of such entries from non-AD type entries to AD type entries (*e.g.*, type 01

to type 03). Importers should report those AD type entries using the third country case numbers identified in the “Suspension of Liquidation and Cash Deposit Requirements” section, above. The importer should post cash deposits on those entries consistent with the regulations governing post summary corrections that require payment of additional duties, including AD/CVD duties.

If it is determined that an importer and/or exporter has not met the certification and/or related documentation requirements for certain entries, Commerce intends to instruct CBP to suspend, pursuant to this country-wide affirmative determination of circumvention and the *Order*,¹⁸ all unliquidated entries for which these requirements were not met and require the importer to post applicable cash deposits equal to the rates noted above.

Opportunity to Request an Administrative Review

Each year during the anniversary month of the publication of an AD or CVD order, finding, or suspended investigation, an interested party, as defined in section 771(9) of the Act, may request, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213, that Commerce conduct an administrative review of that AD or CVD order, finding, or suspended investigation. An interested party who would like Commerce to conduct an administrative review should wait until Commerce announces via the *Federal Register* the next window during the anniversary month of the publication of the AD order to submit such requests. The anniversary month for this *Order* is August.

Administrative Protective Order

This notice will serve as the only reminder to all parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written

¹⁸ See *Order*.

notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

This determination is issued and published in accordance with section 781(b) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.226(g)(2).

Dated: November 2, 2023

/S/ Abdelali Elouaradia

Abdelali Elouaradia
Deputy Assistant Secretary
for Enforcement and Compliance

Appendix I

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the *Order*
- IV. Merchandise Subject to the Circumvention Inquiry
- V. Period of Circumvention Inquiry
- VI. Changes from the *Preliminary Determination*
- VII. Discussion of the Issues
 - Comment 1: Conflict Regarding the Timing of Certification Requirements
 - Comment 2: Clarification in the Certification and Cash Deposit Instructions Concerning the Inclusion of HRS Further Processed in Vietnam Through a Cold-Rolling or Galvanizing Process
 - Comment 3: Whether Commerce's Denial of Hoa Phat's Extension Request Was an Abuse of Discretion
 - Comment 4: Whether Commerce Lacks Statutory Authority to Deny Hoa Phat a Certification Process, and the Selection of the AFA Rate
 - Comment 5: Commerce Must Detail the Process for Correct Cash Deposit and Liquidation for Entries Produced or Exported by Hoa Phat
 - Comment 6: Commerce Must Clarify the Suspension of Liquidation and Cash Deposit Requirements
 - Comment 7: Whether the Production of LWRPT from Imported HRS Constitutes "Assembly or Completion" within the Meaning of the Statute
 - Comment 8: Whether Producers of LWRPT with Input Material Other than HRS Are Subject to the Inquiry or Any of the Requirements Imposed by Commerce's Determination
 - Comment 9: Whether Commerce's Determination that Vina One Is Circumventing the *LWR Tubing Taiwan Order* Is in Accordance with Law When There Is Insufficient Record Evidence to Show All Statutory Factors Are Met
 - Comment 10: Whether Vina One's Process of Finishing LWR Tubing in Vietnam from HRS Manufactured in Taiwan Is Minor and Insignificant Pursuant to Sections 781(b)(2)(A), (C), and (D) of the Act
 - Comment 11: Whether the Production Process of LWRPT from HRS Is Minor or Insignificant Pursuant to Section 781(b)(2) of the Act, Exclusion of Non-Chinese-Origin Inputs
 - Comment 12: Whether Affiliations Indicate that Action is Not Appropriate to Prevent Circumvention of the Orders under Section 781(b)(1)(E) of the Act
 - Comment 13: Whether HRS Imports from China and Taiwan Indicate that Action Is Not Appropriate to Prevent Evasion of the Orders Under Section 781(b)(1)(E) of the Act
 - Comment 14: Whether Commerce Should Apply Affirmative Circumvention Findings on a Country-Wide Basis
- VIII. Recommendation

Appendix II

1. Certifications

IMPORTER CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that:

- A. My name is {IMPORTING COMPANY OFFICIAL'S NAME} and I am an official of {IMPORTING COMPANY}, located at {ADDRESS OF IMPORTING COMPANY};
- B. I have direct personal knowledge of the facts regarding the importation into the Customs territory of the United States of light-walled rectangular pipe and tube (LWRPT) produced in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam that entered under entry summary number(s), identified below, and are covered by this certification. "Direct personal knowledge" refers to facts the certifying party is expected to have in its own records. For example, the importer should have direct personal knowledge of the importation of LWRPT, including the exporter's and/or foreign seller's identity and location;
- C. If the importer is acting on behalf of the first U.S. customer, include the following sentence as paragraph C of this certification:
- The LWRPT covered by this certification was imported by {IMPORTING COMPANY} on behalf of {U.S. CUSTOMER}, located at {ADDRESS OF U.S. CUSTOMER};
- If the importer is not acting on behalf of the first U.S. customer, include the following sentence as paragraph C of this certification:
- {NAME OF IMPORTING COMPANY} is not acting on behalf of the first U.S. customer.
- D. The LWRPT covered by this certification was shipped to {NAME OF PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES TO WHOM THE MERCHANDISE WAS FIRST SHIPPED}, located at {U.S. ADDRESS TO WHICH MERCHANDISE WAS SHIPPED}.
- E. I have personal knowledge of the facts regarding the production of the imported products covered by this certification. "Personal knowledge" includes facts obtained from another party, (e.g., correspondence received by the importer (or exporter) from the producer regarding the source of hot-rolled steel (HRS) or an input other than HRS used to produce the imported LWRPT);

- F. This certification applies to the following entries (repeat this block as many times as necessary):

Entry Summary #:

Entry Summary Line Item #:

Foreign Seller:

Foreign Seller's Address:

Foreign Seller's Invoice #:

Foreign Seller's Invoice Line Item #:

Country of Origin of HRS: State "N/A" for "Country of Origin of HRS" if the LWRPT covered by this certification was produced using inputs other than HRS.

Producer:

Producer's Address:

- G. The LWRPT covered by this certification does not contain HRS produced in the Republic of Korea (Korea);
- H. I understand that {IMPORTING COMPANY} is required to maintain a copy of this certification and sufficient documentation supporting this certification (*i.e.*, documents maintained in the normal course of business, or documents obtained by the certifying party, for example, certificates of origin, product data sheets, mill test reports, productions records, invoices, *etc.*) until the later of: (1) the date that is five years after the date of the latest entry covered by the certification; or (2) the date that is three years after the conclusion of any litigation in the United States courts regarding such entries;
- I. I understand that {IMPORTING COMPANY} is required to maintain a copy of the exporter's certification (attesting to the production and/or exportation of the imported merchandise identified above), and any supporting documentation provided to the importer by the exporter, until the later of: (1) the date that is five years after the date of the latest entry covered by the certification; or (2) the date that is three years after the conclusion of any litigation in United States courts regarding such entries;
- J. I understand that {IMPORTING COMPANY} is required to submit a copy of the importer and exporter certifications as part of the entry summary by uploading them into the document imaging system (DIS) in ACE, and to provide U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and/or the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) with the importer certification, and any supporting documentation, and a copy of the exporter's certification, and any supporting documentation provided to the importer by the exporter, upon request of either agency;
- K. I understand that the claims made herein, and the substantiating documentation, are subject to verification by CBP and/or Commerce;

- L. I understand that failure to maintain the required certification and supporting documentation, or failure to substantiate the claims made herein, or not allowing CBP and/or Commerce to verify the claims made herein, may result in a *de facto* determination that all entries to which this certification applies are within the scope of the antidumping duty (AD) order on LWRPT from Korea. I understand that such finding will result in:
- (i) suspension of liquidation of all unliquidated entries (and entries for which liquidation has not become final) for which these requirements were not met;
 - (ii) the importer being required to post the cash deposits determined by Commerce; and
 - (iii) the importer no longer being allowed to participate in the certification process.
- M. I understand that agents of the importer, such as brokers, are not permitted to make this certification;
- N. This certification was completed and signed on, or prior to, the date of the entry summary if the entry date is more than 14 days after the date of publication of the notice of Commerce's preliminary determination of circumvention in the *Federal Register*. If the entry date is on or before the 14th day after the date of publication of the notice of Commerce's preliminary determination of circumvention in the *Federal Register*, this certification was completed and signed by no later than 45 days after publication of the notice of Commerce's preliminary determination of circumvention in the *Federal Register*.
- O. I am aware that U.S. law (including, but not limited to, 18 U.S.C. §1001) imposes criminal sanctions on individuals who knowingly and willfully make material false statements to the U.S. government.

Signature

{NAME OF COMPANY OFFICIAL}
{TITLE OF COMPANY OFFICIAL}
{DATE}

Exporter Certification

The party that made the sale to the United States should fill out the exporter certification.

I hereby certify that:

- A. My name is {COMPANY OFFICIAL'S NAME} and I am an official of {NAME OF FOREIGN COMPANY THAT MADE THE SALE TO THE UNITED STATES}; located at {ADDRESS OF FOREIGN COMPANY THAT MADE THE SALE TO THE UNITED STATES};

- B. I have direct personal knowledge of the facts regarding the production and exportation of the light-walled welded rectangular pipe and tube (LWRPT) for which sales are identified below. "Direct personal knowledge" refers to facts the certifying party is expected to have in its own records. For example, an exporter should have direct personal knowledge of the producer's identity and location;
- C. The LWRPT covered by this certification was shipped to {NAME OF PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES TO WHOM MERCHANDISE WAS FIRST SHIPPED}, located at {U.S. ADDRESS TO WHICH MERCHANDISE WAS SHIPPED};
- D. The LWRPT covered by this certification does not contain HRS produced in the Republic of Korea (Korea);
- E. This certification applies to the following sales to {NAME OF U.S. CUSTOMER}, located at {ADDRESS OF U.S. CUSTOMER} (repeat this block as many times as necessary):

Foreign Seller's Invoice # to U.S. Customer:

Foreign Seller's Invoice to U.S. Customer Line item #:

Producer Name:

Producer's Address:

Producer's Invoice # to Foreign Seller: *(If the foreign seller and the producer are the same party, put NA here.)*

Name of Producer of HRS: State "N/A" if the producer did not use HRS in the production of the LWRPT.

Location (Country) of Producer of HRS: State "N/A" if the producer did not use HRS in the production of LWRPT.

- F. The LWRPT covered by this certification was shipped to {NAME OF U.S. PARTY TO WHOM MERCHANDISE WAS SHIPPED}, located at {U.S. ADDRESS TO WHICH MERCHANDISE WAS SHIPPED};
- G. I understand that {NAME OF FOREIGN COMPANY THAT MADE THE SALE TO THE UNITED STATES} is required to maintain a copy of this certification and sufficient documentation supporting this certification (*i.e.*, documents maintained in the normal course of business, or documents obtained by the certifying party, for example, product data sheets, mill test reports, productions records, invoices, *etc.*) until the later of: (1) the date that is five years after the latest date of the entries covered by the certification; or (2) the date that is three years after the conclusion of any litigation in the United States courts regarding such entries;
- H. I understand that {NAME OF FOREIGN COMPANY THAT MADE THE SALE TO THE UNITED STATES} is required to provide the U.S. importer with a copy of this certification and is required to provide U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and/or the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) with this certification, and any supporting documents, upon request of either agency;

- I. I understand that the claims made herein, and the substantiating documentation, are subject to verification by CBP and/or Commerce;
- J. I understand that failure to maintain the required certification and supporting documentation, or failure to substantiate the claims made herein, or not allowing CBP and/or Commerce to verify the claims made herein, may result in a *de facto* determination that all sales to which this certification applies are within the scope of the antidumping duty order on LWRPT from Korea. I understand that such a finding will result in:
 - (i) suspension of all unliquidated entries (and entries for which liquidation has not become final) for which these requirements were not met;
 - (ii) the importer being required to post the cash deposits determined by Commerce; and
 - (iii) the seller/exporter no longer being allowed to participate in the certification process.
- K. I understand that agents of the seller/exporter, such as freight forwarding companies or brokers, are not permitted to make this certification.
- L. This certification was completed and signed, and a copy of the certification was provided to the importer, on, or prior to, the date of shipment if the shipment date is more than 14 days after the date of publication of the notice of Commerce's preliminary determination of circumvention in the *Federal Register*. If the shipment date is on or before the 14th day after the date of publication of the notice of Commerce's preliminary determination of circumvention in the *Federal Register*, this certification was completed and signed, and a copy of the certification was provided to the importer, by no later than 45 days after publication of the notice of Commerce's preliminary determination of circumvention in the *Federal Register*; and
- M. I am aware that U.S. law (including, but not limited to, 18 U.S.C. §1001) imposes criminal sanctions on individuals who knowingly and willfully make material false statements to the U.S. government.

Signature

{NAME OF COMPANY OFFICIAL}

{TITLE OF COMPANY OFFICIAL}

{DATE}